

DISG-TEST OF PERSONALITY

Today it's about trainees. With a test we would like to see: what is their power? How do they deal with other human beings? How do they solve problems?

TABULAR PROCESS

Nr.	Inhalt	Dauer	Material
1	explain definitions	10 min.	little cards
2	start of the play "in the lift"	5 min.	gummy bears
3	evaluation of the start of the play	10 min.	poster, permanent marker
4	model of DISG (model of personality)	10 min.	
5	abstract	10 min	
6	questionaire	45 min	questionaires, pens
7	evaluation of the test	20 min.	
8	discussion		

1. EXPLAIN DEFINITIONS

The test contains 104 sentences. Some of them are difficult to understand. Sentences, marked with a little * are written on cards. They are up to the table.

At the beginning (for example while lunch) trainees are looking at the sentences. Are they understandable? What do they mean?

2. START OF PLAY "IN THE LIFT"

At next the trainees get to know four persons. Four colleagues present in a excessive way different persons. It's also possible that two colleagues could also act two persons each. Using objects (sunglasses, scarf, cap, handbag) or name plate make visible who they are.

Personen							
Dan		Isabelle	Steffen	Gökce	Narrator		
(d ominant)		(i nitiative)	(constant)	(conscientious)			
Narrator	Narrator: "four persons are on the way in a house.						
	Dan would like to take the lift.						
	Isabelle thinks that's super. Steffen and Gökce say nothing. They						
	in. Dan presses the button: fourteenth floor. The lift starts. Dan a						
	Isabelle talk together. The two others are quiet. Suddenly the lift		lly the lift				
	stops. Everyone get frightened."						
Isabelle	3 "						
_	She cries for help: "help, help, we are stuck!"						
Gökce	She looks around, scratches her head, reflects.						
Steffen	He watches the scene from a corner.						
Dan			_	e. Leave here (pushes	s the others		
				e buttons wildly.			
Steffen			•	going to be alright. D			
				ou have to breathe in	and out		
	deeply. Yes, that's good".						
Gökce	_	She finds a tablet:					
	1	-		ding" She reads with	a low voice.		
Dan		<i>cumbles: "</i> What a		00			
	He is	beating angrily	on the button	s. "It doesn't really fu	nction!"		

Isabelle	She is still afraid. She talks to Dan: "Bring it on, now! - I'm very frightened. It's so tight here. In a moment I will weep"		
Gökce	She says softly and cautiously: "Listen here! There is something written on the tablet."		
Steffen	He asks for silence: Hello, could you all listen to Gökce?"		
Gökce	 She reads slowly: If the lift is out of order: 1. convert the lever 2. press the button at the top right 3. in case this doesn't work, ring the bell three times and wait for an answer 		
Steffen	"All right, I do that." <i>He converts the lever and waits.</i> "It doesn't work. Now I ring the bell three times…"		
Dan	"Steffen, let me get it. He pushes Steffen aside and rings the bell three times. A voice reports		
Narrator	"Good afternoon! How can I help you?"		
Isabelle	She shouts excited: "Help us, save us! The lift is out of order. Please come quickly…!"		
Narrator	"In which floor are you?"		
Isabelle	"I don't know. Get us out of here, finally"		
Gökce	<i>Is helping</i> : "Hum, well we are just around between the second and third floor."		
Narrator	"Please keep calm. I call the care taker."		
Dan	"Fantastic. Now we have to wait a long time and drink tea. What a bummer! I must go to my training!"		
Isabelle	She is joyous again: "Guys, I've got an idea – let's have a lift-partyIs anybody here, who has some sweets? Now I need a chocolate. Let's settle in!"		
Steffen	He unwraps gummy bears or chocolate: "Yes I've something with me. Good appetite! All are sitting down on the ground floor and are talking together.		

3. EVALUTATION OF THE START OF THE PLAY

On a poster at a wall or on a board great initial letters of the involved persons **D**, **I**, **S**, **G** are to be seen.

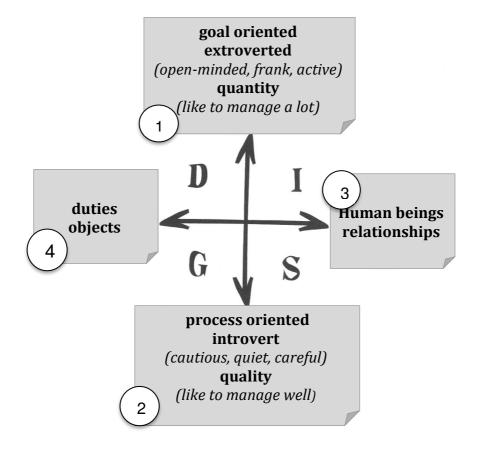
Trainees are describing the behaviour of the different characters. The result is written down next to the initial letters.

Question adressed to trainees: Where would you see yourself?

4. MODEL OF DISG

An American developed this Model of DISG nearly 100 years ago. He would like to understand: How do human beings behave? How do they handle with problems? How do they solve conflicts?

Have a look to the model of DISG:



This model differs our behaviour from four trends.

- 1. One person active, open-minded, does she like change? (up arrow)
- 2. Or one person cautious, careful and does she like fixed processes? (down arrow)
- 3. Does the person like to be together with other persons? (arrow to the right)
- 4. Or does the person be engaged with duties and objects? (arrow to the left)

Description of the four personality types

Top left there are the "dominant" characters. They like adventure, speed and animation. They stimulate people and objects. They would like to have fast results and take decisions.

Top right there are the **"initiative"** characters. They like change and speed, adventures and freedom, like dominant human beings. But a few topics are different. Initiative characters are very focused on human beings. They like to stand in front of a group of people. They like to talk. They like to be together with a lot of people. They think positive about themselves and others.

At the bottom right there are **"constant"** characters. They like quality, stability, regularity and structure. They like to be together with people, as well. Constant human beings want that all people are friendly to each other. They would like to have good and profund relationships. But, constant persons don't like to be together with people. They prefer to work in little and well-organised teams. Constant persons have rather less relationships. But these relationships are profund and trusting.

At the bottom left there are the **"conscientious"** characters. They pay attention to quality and stability – like constant characters. They are accurate. They prefer to work in the context of duties and projects to people. Conscientious persons enjoy concentrating on details. They like punctuality. They like best to work by oneself and undisturbed.

Nobody could be classified in absolute dominant, initiative, constant or conscientious trend.

Everybody has different parts from the four directions in him or her.

Question addressed to trainees: Do you know your personal mix?

Everybody is made by God in an unique way, you as well! Some things are together with other people. But not everything. For example there are a lot of people, who talk well. Other people work very proper.

Simply in relation to you other characteristics are added. For example a special kindness, a catching laugh or a lot of knowledge on a certain topic. It depends on combination of various characters. That's it, which makes us unique! Model of DISG would like to help us, to understand ourselves and others better.

5. OUTLINE "FOUR DISG-TYPES"

DOMINANT CHARACTER

Strength

- o result/goal oriented
- o takes decisions easily and quickly
- o likes challenge and adventure
- o independent
- o makes a proposal

Teamwork: dictates direction, moves s.th. Leadership role: managing problems and trouble

weakness

- o impatient
- o few contacts
- o poor listening
- o decides hastily
- o bad integration in a group
- o expects too much from others
- o overlooks risks

ideal circumstances

- o freedom of decision
- o challenges
- o great projects
- o independent working
- o as little control as possible
- o as little detailed working as possible
- o precise goals

INITIATIV CHARACTER

Strength

- o sociable
- o propagates optimism and enthusiasm
- o can enjoy life to the full
- o is happy to communicate well
- o spreads good mood

Teamwork: establishes contacts Leadership role: enables open conversations, wants everyone to agree all the time

weakness

- o needs appreciation
- o bad organised
- o doesn't like conflicts
- o doesn't finish what has been started
- o Talks too much
- o Can't be alone very well
- o Little detailed work

ideal circumstances

- o variety
- o people
- o time to enjoy
- o little detailed work
- flexibility
- o time for conversations
- o public appreciation

CONSTANT CHARACTER

Strength

- o creates harmony
- o fits well in a group
- o listens well
- o loyal
- o reliable

Teamwork: harmonises, carries out special work

Leadership role: helps others to manage their work

weakness

- o indecisive
- o cannot say "no"
- o avoids conflicts
- o willing to compromise
- o puts on wishes aside too quickly
- o difficult to cope with change

ideal circumstances

- security and stability
- o enough time to adjust to change
- o working in a group
- o appreciation for own person
- o clarified expectations
- o harmonious environment
- o clear and good relationships

CONSCIENTIOUS CHARACTER

Strength

- o likes details
- o quality is important to him
- o thinks critically, reports
- much perseverance
- o observes rules

Teamwork: pays good attention to important details

Leadership role: wants tasks to be completed and rules to be followed

weakness

- o losses the overview
- o wants to do things in a perfect way
- o watches instead of helping
- "to do things right" has too much importance
- o little flexibility
- o takes decisions too slowly
- o pessimistic

ideal circumstances

- o clarified circumstances
- o regulations
- o reason for change
- o appreciation for work
- o clear tasks
- o possibility to ask
- o tasks where one has to be precise

6. QUESTIONNAIRE

Each trainee receives a questionnaire. Together the trainees go through the questionnaire line per line. In every line they make a little cross. On the scale from - 4 to 4.

Then the trainees swap the questionnaires among themselves. Only the little crosses located to the left side (thus - 4 to 0) are important.

Figures marked with a little cross will be added without the minus sign. Result is written in a summary at the end of the questionnaire. For which character the result is the greatest? This is the character you correspond most. Generally, there are mixtures between two or more different characters.

7. DISCUSSION ABOUT THE RESULT

Questions to the trainees: Are you surprised? Are you content with the result? Does the result fell right?

A good team consists of different personalities. Strength of one group balances to the weakness of the other group. It is good to know the own strength well. But it's also important to accept the own weakness.

Question to the trainees: Which weakness within the group balances your strength?

I am pleased to get a task, where I can place my strength in. This fact is also important by choosing a profession.

Questions to the trainees: which profession suits your character? Which profession doesn't suit not at all?

If two or more human beings do something together, conflicts and tensions will turn up. If I know different characters I will be able to understand better: Why does behave the other person in this way? Thus, I can manage better with tensions.

Questions to the trainees: Did you make such an experience? What annoys you most about others?

8. FOUR-EYES-CONVERSATION

Incentives for talking:

- 1. How did you like the model of DISG?
- 2. What character of personality are you?
- 3. Why do you think it's helpful, to know these facts?

9. GOOD QUESTION!

Do you think, you are made by God very good, the way you are? Are you content with yourself and your characteristics? What strength would you like to have?

Vanessa Gunesch Yasin Adigüzel